NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



First Year Syllabus Department of Sociology

Four-Year B.S.S. (Honours) Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Syllabus for Four Year B.S.S. Honours Course Subject: Sociology Session: 2013-2014

FIRST YEAR

Paper Code	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
212001	Introductory Sociology	100	4
212003	Social History & World Civilization	100	4
212005	Political Sociology	100	4
212007	Social Problems	100	4
211501	History of the Emergence of Independent Bangladesh	100	4
211909	Introduction to Political Theory or	100	4
212209	Principles of Economics		
	Total =	600	24

Detailed Syllabus

Paper Code	212001	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Introductor	y Sociology		

- 1. Introducing Sociology: Definition, nature and scope of sociology, relationship with other social sciences. Development of Sociology: Contributions of Auguste Comte, Herbert Spencer, Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, Karl Marx
- 2. Methods and Measures in Sociology: Scientific method, experiment, survey, participant observation, participatory techniques and historical sociology
- **3.** Culture, Beliefs and Values: Norms, sanctions, symbols, language, subculture, counter-culture, hegemony and resistance
- **4. Social Interaction and Social Structure**: Socialization agencies of socialization, socialization and life cycle. Social interaction, exchange, status, role, group, types of group
- **5. Social Institutions**: Definition, nature and role of institutions, family and marriage, economic institution, political institutions, education, bureaucracy, property
- **6. Social Stratification and Mobility**: Meaning of stratification, slavery, caste, class, role and status, age, gender; theories of stratification-- Marx, Weber, Davis and Moore; social mobility factors affecting mobility
- 7. **Deviance and Social Control:** Definition of deviance, theories of deviance; crime and justice system, agencies of social control
- **8. Social Problems of Bangladesh**: Poverty, unemployment, prostitution, HIV/AIDS, population problem, corruption, disaster, violence against women, child trafficking and pornography
- **9. Social Change:** Factors of social change, theories of social change: functionalism, conflict, modernization, dependency, world system and globalization

Collins Dictionary of Sociology

Books Recommended:

5. David Jary and Julia Jary

R. T. Schaefer (2009) Sociology
 Giddens Sociology
 Smelser Sociology

4. Stewart & Glynn Introduction to Sociology

৬. নাজমূল করিম : সমাজবিজ্ঞান সমীক্ষণ

৭. হাসানুজ্জামান চৌধুরী : সমাজবিজ্ঞানের প্রত্যয় ও বিন্যাস
 ৮. স্যামুয়েল কোনিগ : সমাজবিজ্ঞান (অনুবাদ-রংগলাল সেন)

৯. ড. রংগলাল সেন ও বিশ্বস্তর কুমার নাথ : প্রারম্ভিক সমাজবিজন

১০. রংগলাল সেন : বাংলাদেশের সামাজিক স্তর বিন্যাস

Paper Code	212003	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Social Histo	ry & World Civilizat	ion	

- 1. Introduction: Definition, scope and recent trends in social history, relations with history and historical sociology
- 2. Culture of Prehistoric Age (Stone Age): (a) The Eolithic Age (b) The Neolithic Age
- 3. Types of societies:
 - Marxist view—classifying societies on the basis of type of control over economic resources
 - Lenski's view—classifying societies by their main means of subsistence
- 4. Civilization: Definition of Civilization. Different theories regarding its rise, growth and downfall
- 5. **Birth of civilization:** Indus valley civilization, Babylonian civilization, Egyptian civilization, Chinese civilization, Aztec civilization
- 6. Rise and fall of Greek and Roman civilizations.
- 7. Political and Social Structure of Feudalism in the Middle Ages: the manorial system, cities in the middle ages, economy, conflict between the pope and the emperor; education, origin and growth of the universities, philosophy, renaissance
- **8.** Advent of Capitalism and Industrial Society: Historical forces relating to the growth of capitalism; capitalism and rapid social change; capitalism, gender relations and inequality
- **9. Social history of the emergence of Bangladesh:** Political, cultural and economic background; six point movement, mass upsurge in 1969 and the freedom struggle of Bangladesh

- 1. Burns and Ralph, World Civilization (Abridged edition)
- 2. Gordon Childe, What Happened in History
- 3. James Edgar Swain, A History of World Civilization
- 4. Clive Bell, Civilization
- 5. Joseph Reither, World History at a Glance
- 6. T. W. Wallbank and M. A. Taylor, Civilization, Past and present. (vol.1)
- 7. Thompson, History of the Middle Ages. (Vols. 2)
- 8. Adams, Civilization during the Middle Ages
- 9. Thompson & Jonnson, Introduction to the Middle Ages
- 10. Oman, The Dark Age
- 11. Tout, The Empire and the Papacy
- 12. Lodge, Close of the Middle Ages
- 13. Edward M. Burns, Robert E. Lerner & Staudish Meacham, Western Civilization, 10th Edition
- ১৪. বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষনা : হাইকোর্টের ঐতিহাসিক রায়, ২০১০, ঢাকা: সুবর্ণ
- ১৫. নূরন্নাহার ও আঃ হালিম : মানুষের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড) ১৬. এ কে এম শাহনাওয়াজ : বিশ্ব সভ্যতা প্রাচীন যুগ)
- ১৭. আবদুল মমিন চৌধুরী : প্রাচীন বাংলার ইতিহাস ও সংস্কৃতি ১৮. মানুষের সমাজ : জর্জ সিমসন (অনুবাদ- ড. রংগলাল সেন)
- ১৯. রেবতি মোহন বর্মন : সমাজ ও সভ্যতার ক্রমবিকাশ ২০. মাহমুদা ইসলাম : সামাজিক ইতিহাসের পটভূমিকা
- ২১. রতন লাল চক্রবর্তী : সভ্যতার পটভূমি

Paper Code	212005	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Political Soci	iology		

1. Definition, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Sociology:

- Its relationship with other branches of social sciences
- Approaches to sociological analysis of political issues

2. Major Concepts of Political Sociology

- Political Culture, political socialization, political communication
- Political polarization, political modernization, political mobility & political development
- Political movement, political ideology, political behaviour

3. Theories Regarding the Origin of State

- Anthropological theories: Morgan, Lowie, Maine
- Development of sociological theories of the state: Engels
- Pluralistic theory of the state

4. Relations of the State with Other Institutions & Organization

- State and family
- State and property
- State and law
- State and religion
- State and education
- State and government

5. Sociology of the Modern State

- Representation and electoral system, political parties and social classes
- Political parties and pressure groups
- Leadership and Elites: civil, military and party bureaucracy

6. Sociology of Movements: conservatism, liberalism, fascism, populism, socialism and communism

7. Gender, Race and the State

- Gender politics in developing societies
- State's policy on minority, gender and development

8. Class, Power and the State

- Relationship between class and state
- Nexus of class, power and state

9. Civil Society, Power and the State

- Civil society's influence over power
- Nature of civil society in developing societies

10. Democracy and State

- Nature of democracy in developing societies
- Challenges to democracy in developing societies

Books Recommended:

Bottomore Political Sociology
 Jangam Political Sociology

3. Rangalal Sen Political Elites in Bangladesh

4. Sharma & Ashraf Political Sociology

5. হাসানুজ্জামান চৌধুরী বাংলাদেশের রাজনৈতিক সমাজতত্ত

Paper Code	212007	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Social Proble	ems		

1. The Sociology of Social Problems

- Nature of social problems
- Sociological approaches
- Theoretical perspective on social problems
- Research on social problems in developing countries

2. Population and Environment

- Nature and the scope of the problem
- Population growth in developing countries
- Malthusian trap

3. Urbanization

- Definition of urbanization and urbanism
- Process of urbanization in developing societies and social formation
- Nexus among over-urbanization, growth of slum and poverty

4. Culture in the Age of Globalization

- Diffusion of culture and cultural globalization
- Impact of cultural imperialism in developing countries
- Threat and challenges to indigenous and local culture in developing countries

5. Social Inequality

- Nature and scope of the problem
- Dimensions of social inequality: Class, gender, age, minority group, lower class and economic vulnerability
- Social inequalities in developed and developing countries

6. Health and Illness

- Nature & scope of the problem
- Urbanizations, acute, chronic and life style diseases
- Social, environmental and behavioural factors affecting health
- Communicable and behavioural diseases: STD, HIV/AIDS, TB, Hep-B etc.

7. Institutional Problems

- The educational system
- The workplace
- The family
- The health care system.

8. Crime, Delinquency and Deviance

- Drugs, alcoholism and crime
- Peer group pressure, deviance and crime

9. Prostitution, Pornography and the Sex Trade

- Sex trade and collapse of social control and morality
- Prostitution, pornography, social stigma and discrimination

10. Natural Disaster and Environmental Problems

- Climatic variability and its impact on society
- Natural disaster and social crisis in developing societies

- 1. Mecheal Mckee & Lan Robertson, 1980. Social Problems
- 2. Merton and R.A. Nisbet (eds.), 1971. Contemporary Social Problems. New York: Harcourt

Paper Code	211501	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60	
Paper Title:	History of the Emergence of Independent Bangladesh				

স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ের ইতিহাস

ভূমিকা: স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ের ইতিহাস-পরিধি ও পরিচিতি

১। দেশ ও জনগোষ্ঠির পরিচয়

- ক) ভূ প্রকৃতির বৈশিষ্ট্য ও প্রভাব
- খ) নৃতাত্ত্বিক গঠন
- গ) ভাষা
- ঘ) সংস্কৃতির সমন্বয়বাদিতা ও ধর্মীয় সহনশীলতা
- ঙ) অভিনু বাংলার পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে তৎকালীন পূর্ববঙ্গ ও বর্তমান বাংলাদেশের স্বকীয় সত্তা
- ২। অখন্ড স্বাধীন বাংলা রাষ্ট্র গঠনের প্রয়াস ও উপমহাদেশের বিভক্তি, ১৯৪৭
- ক) ঔপনিবেশিক শাসন আমলে সাম্প্রদায়িকতার উদ্ভব ও বিস্ঞার
- খ) লাহোর প্রস্ঞাব, ১৯৪০
- গ) অখন্ড স্বাধীন বাংলা রাষ্ট্র গঠনের উদ্যোগ, ১৯৪৭ ও পরিণতি
- ঘ) পাকিম্পুন সৃষ্টি, ১৯৪৭

৩। পাকিস্ডুন: রাষ্ট্রীয় কাঠামো ও বৈষম্য

- ক) কেন্দ্রীয় ও প্রাদেশিক কাঠামো
- খ) সামরিক ও বেসামরিক আমলাতন্ত্রের প্রভাব
- গ) অর্থনৈতিক, সামাজিক ও সাংস্কৃতিক বৈষম্য

৪। ভাষা আন্দোলন ও বাঙালির আত্মপরিচয় প্রতিষ্ঠা

- ক) মুসলিম লীগের শাসন ও গণতান্ত্রিক রাজনীতির সংগ্রাম
- খ) আওয়ামী লীগের প্রতিষ্ঠা, ১৯৪৯
- গ) ভাষা আন্দোলন: পটভূমি ও ঘটনা প্রবাহ
- ঘ) হক-ভাসানী-সোহরাওয়ার্দীর যুক্তফ্রন্ট, ১৯৫৪ সালের নির্বাচন ও পরিণতি

৫। সামরিক শাসন: আইয়ুব খান ও ইয়াহিয়া খানের শাসনামল (১৯৫৮-৭১)

- ক) সামরিক শাসনের সংজ্ঞা ও বৈশিষ্ট্য
- খ) আইয়ুব খানের ক্ষমতা দখল ও শাসনের বৈশিষ্ট্য (রাজনৈতিক নিপীড়ন, মৌলিক গণতন্ত্র, ধর্মের রাজনৈতিক ব্যবহার)
- গ)আইয়ুব খানের পতন ও ইয়াহিয়া খানের শাসন, এক ইউনিট বিলুপ্তিকরণ, সার্বজনীন ভোটাধিকার, এলএফও (Legal Framework Order)

৬। জাতীয়তাবাদের বিকাশ ও স্বাধিকার আন্দোলন

- ক) সাংস্কৃতিক আগ্রাসনের বির^{ক্}দ্ধে প্রতিরোধ ও বাঙালি সংস্কৃতির উজ্জীবন
- খ) শেখ মুজিবুর রহমানের ৬-দফা আন্দোলন
- গ) ৬-দফা আন্দোলনের প্রতিক্রিয়া, গুর[—]ত্বু ও তাৎপর্য
- ঘ) আগরতলা মামলা, ১৯৬৮

৭। ১৯৬৯-এর গণঅভ্যুত্থান ও ১১-দফা আন্দোলন

- ক) পটভূমি
- খ) আন্দোলনের কর্মসূচী, গুরু তু পরিণতি

৮। ১৯৭০ এর নির্বাচন, অসহযোগ আন্দোলন ও বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষণা

ক) নির্বাচনের ফলাফল এবং তা মেনে নিতে কেন্দ্রের অস্বীকৃতি

- খ) অসহযোগ আন্দোলন, বঙ্গবন্ধুর ৭ই মার্চের ভাষণ, অপারেশন সার্চলাইট
- গ) বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষণা ও গেশ্বফতার

৯। মুক্তিযুদ্ধ ১৯৭১

- ক) গণহত্যা, নারী নির্যাতন, শরণার্থী
- খ) বাংলাদেশ সরকার গঠন ও স্বাধীনতার ঘোষণাপত্র
- গ) স্বত:স্কূর্ত প্রাথমিক প্রতিরোধ ও সংগঠিত প্রতিরোধ (মুক্তিফৌজ, মুক্তিবাহিনী, গেরিলা ও সম্মুখ যুদ্ধ)
- ঘ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে প্রচার মাধ্যম (স্বাধীন বাংলা বেতার কেন্দ্র, বিদেশী প্রচার মাধ্যম ও জনমত গঠন)
- ঙ) ছাত্র, নারী ও সাধারণ মানুষের অবদান (গণযুদ্ধ)
- চ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে বৃহৎশক্তি সমূহের ভূমিকা
- ছ) দখলদার বাহিনী, শাম্প্রিকমিটি, আলবদর, আলশামস, রাজাকার বাহিনী, রাজনৈতিক দল ও দেশীয় অন্যান্য সহযোগীদের স্বাধীনতাবিরোধী কর্মকান্ড ও বৃদ্ধিজীবী হত্যা
- জ) পাকিস্তানে বন্দি অবস্থায় বঙ্গবন্ধুর বিচার ও বিশ্বপ্রতিক্রিয়া
- ঝ) প্রবাসী বাঙালি ও বিশ্বের বিভিন্ন দেশের নাগরিক সমাজের ভূমিকা
- ঞ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে ভারতের অবদান
- ট) যৌথ বাহিনী গঠন ও বিজয়
- ঠ) স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে বঙ্গবন্ধুর নেতৃত্ব

১০। বঙ্গবন্ধু শেখ মুজিবুর রহমানের শাসনকাল, ১৯৭২-১৯৭৫

- ক) স্বদেশ প্রত্যাবর্তন
- খ) সংবিধান প্রণয়ন
- গ) যুদ্ধ বিধ্বস্ডু দেশ পুনর্গঠন
- ঘ) সপরিবারে বঙ্গবন্ধু হত্যা ও আদর্শিক পটপরিবর্তন

History of the Emergence of Independent Bangladesh

Introduction: Scope and description of the emergence of Independent Bangladesh.

Writing on this topic.

1. Description of the country and its people.

- a. Geographical features and their influence.
- b. Ethnic composition.
- c. Language.
- d. Cultural syncretism and religious tolerance.
- e. Distinctive identity of Bangladesh in the context of undivided Bangladesh.

2. Proposal for undivided sovereign Bengal and the partition of the Sub Continent, 1947.

- a. Rise of communalism under the colonial rule, Lahore Resolution 1940.
- b. The proposal of Suhrawardi and Sarat Bose for undivided Bengal: consequences
- c. The creation of Pakistan 1947.

3. Pakistan: Structure of the state and disparity.

- a. Central and provincial structure.
- b. Influence of Military and Civil bureaucracy.
- C. Economic, social and cultural disparity

4. Language Movement and quest for Bengali identity

a. Misrule by Muslim League and Struggle for democratic politics.

- b. The Language Movement: context and phases.
- c. United front of Hague Vasani Suhrawardi: election of 1954, consequences.

5. Military rule: the regimes of Ayub Khan and Yahia Khan (1958-1971)

- a. Definition of military rules and its characteristics.
- b. Ayub Khan's rise to power and characteristics of his rule (Political repression, Basic democracy, Islamisation)
- c. Fall of Ayub Khan and Yahia Khan's rule (Abolition of one unit, universal suffrage, the Legal Framework Order)

6. Rise of nationalism and the Movement for self determination .

- a. Resistance against cultura laggression and resurgence of Bengali culture.
- b. Sheikh Mujibur Rahman and the six point movement
- c. Reactions: Importance and significance
- d. The Agortola Case 1968.

7. The mass- upsurge of 1969 and 11 point movement: background, programme and significance.

8. Election of 1970 and the Declaration of Independence by Bangobondhu

- a. Election result and centres refusal to comply
- b. The non co-operation movement, the 7th March , Address , Operation Searchlight
- c. Declaration of Independence by Bangobondhu and his arrest

9. The war of Liberation 1971

- a. Genocide, repression of women, refugees
- b. Formation of Bangladesh government and proclamation of Independence
- c. The spontaneous early resistance and subsequent organized resistance (Mukti Fouz, Mukti Bahini, guerillas and the frontal warfare)
- d. Publicity Campaign in the war of Liberation (Shadhin Bangla Betar Kendra, the Campaigns abroad and formation of public opinion)
- e. Contribution of students, women and the masses (Peoples war)
- f. The role of super powers and the Muslim states in the Liberation war.
- g. The Anti-liberation activities of the occupation army, the Peace Committee, Al-Badar, Al-Shams, Rajakars, pro Pakistan political parties and Pakistani Collaborators, killing of the intellectuals.
- h. Trial of Bangabondhu and reaction of the World Community.
- i. The contribution of India in the Liberation War
- j. Formation of joint command and the Victory
- k. The overall contribution of Bangabondhu in the Independence struggle.

10. The Bangabondhu Regime 1972-1975

- a. Homecoming
- b. Making of the constitution
- c. Reconstruction of the war ravaged country
- d. The murder of Bangabondhu and his family and the ideological turn-around.

সহায়ক গ্ৰন্থ

- ১. নীহার রঞ্জন রায়, *বাঙালীর ইতিহাস*, দে' জ পাবলিশিং, কলকাতা ১৪০২ সাল।
- ২. সালাহ উদ্দিন আহমেদ ও অন্যান্য (সম্পাদিত), *বাংলাদেশের মুক্তি সংগ্রামের ইতিহাস ১৯৪৭-১৯৭১*, আগামী প্রকাশনী, ঢাকা ২০০২।
- ৩. সিরাজুল ইসলাম (সম্পাদিত), *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস ১৭০৪-১৯৭১*, ৩ খন্ড, এশিয়াটিক সোসাইটি অব বাংলাদেশ, ঢাকা ১৯৯২।
- 8. ড. হার^eন-অর-রশিদ, *বাংলাদেশ: রাজনীতি, সরকার ও শাসনতান্ত্রিক উন্নয়ন ১৭৫৭-২০০০,* নিউ এজ পাবলিকেশঙ্গ, ঢাকা ২০০১।
- ৫. ড. হার^eন-অর-রশিদ, *বাঙালির রাষ্ট্রচিম্প্র ও স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যদয়*, আগামী প্রকাশনী, ঢাকা ২০০৩।
- ৬. ড. হার^{ব্রু}ন-অর-রশিদ, *বঙ্গবন্ধুর অসমাপ্ত আত্মজীবনী পুনর্পাঠ*, দি ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লিমিটেড, ঢাকা ২০**১৩**।
- ৭. ড. আতফুল হাই শিবলী ও ড.মোঃ মাহবুবর রহমান, *বাংলাদেশের সাংবিধানিক ইতিহাস ১৭৭৩-১৯৭২*, সূবর্ণ প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১৩।
- ৮. মুনতাসির মামুন ও জয়ন্ত কুমার রায়, *বাংলাদেশের সিভিল সমাজ প্রতিষ্ঠার সংগ্রাম*, অবসর, ঢাকা ২০০৬।
- ৯. অাতিউর রহমান, *অসহযোগ আন্দোলনের দিনগুলি: মুক্তিযুদ্ধের প্রস্তুতি পর্ব*, সাহিত্য প্রকাশ, ঢাকা ১৯৯৮।
- ১০. ড. মোঃ মাহবুবর রহমান, *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস, ১৯০৫-৪৭*, তাম্রলিপি, ঢাকা ২০১১।
- ১১. ড. মোঃ মাহরুবর রহমান, *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস*, ১৯৪৭-১৯৭১, সময় প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১২।
- ১২. সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, *বাংলাদেশের স্বাধীনতা যুদ্ধে পরাশক্তির ভূমিকা*, ডানা প্রকাশনী, ঢাকা ১৯৮২।
- ১৩. আবুল মাল আবদুল মুহিত, *বাংলাদেশ: জাতিরাস্ট্রের উদ্ভব*, সাহিত্য প্রকাশ, ঢাকা ২০০০।
- ১৪. শেখ মুজিবুর রহমান, *অসমাপ্ত আত্মজীবনী*, দি ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লিমিটেড, ঢাকা ২০১২।
- ১৫. সিরাজ উদ্দীন আহমেদ, *একাত্তরের মুক্তিযুদ্ধ: স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়*, ইসলামিক ফাউভেশন, ঢাকা ২০১১।
- ১৬. জয়ন্ত কুমার রায়, *বাংলাদেশের রাজনৈতিক ইতিহাস*, সুবর্ণ প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১০।
- 39. Harun-or-Roshid, *The Foreshadowing of Bangladesh: Bengal Muslim League and Muslim Politics,* 1906-1947, The University Press Limited, Dhaka 2012.
- እ৮. Rounaq Jahan, Pakistan: Failure in National Integration, The University Press Limited, Dhaka 1977.
- እኤ. Talukder Maniruzzaman, *Radical Politics and the Emergence of Bangladesh*, Mowla, Brothers, Dhaka 2003.
- ২০. মেসবাহ কামাল ও ঈশানী চক্রবর্তী, *নাচোলের কৃষক বিদ্রোহ*, সমকালীন রাজনীতি ও ইলা মিত্র, উত্তরণ, ঢাকা ২০০৮।
- ২১. মেসবাহ কামাল, *আসাদ ও উনসত্তরের গণঅভ্যুত্থান*, বিবর্তন, ঢাকা ১৯৮৬।

Paper Code	211909	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Introduction to Poli	tical Theory		

Political Science: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Methods, Relations to other Social Sciences, Importance

State: Definition, Elements, State and Government, State and Individual, State and Society, Theories of the origin of the state.

Fundamental concepts : Sovereignty, Law, Liberty, Equality, Rights and Duties, Nation, Nationalism, Internationalism.

Concepts of Political Sociology: Political culture, elite theory, Max Weber and Bureaucracy

Political Thinkers : Plato, Aristotle, St. Augustine, St. Thomas Aquinas, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Books Recommended:

1. R.G. Gettell : Political Science

2. J. W. Garner : Political Science and Government

3. R. M. MacIver : The Modern State

4. G.H. Sabine : A History of Political Theory

5. William Ebenstein : Great Political Thinkers-Plato to the Present

6. H.G. Laski : A Grammar of Politics

7. মুহাম্মদ আয়েশ উদ্দীন : রাষ্ট্রচিম্পু পরিচিতি

এমাজউদ্দিন আহমদ : মধ্যযুগের রাষ্ট্রচিম্প্

9. মোঃ দরবেশ আলী খান : পে-টো ও এরিস্টটলের রাজনৈতিক চিম্ঞ্

10. সরদার ফজলুল করিম : পে-টোর রিপাবলিক

Paper Code	212209	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Principles of Economics			

- 1. **Fundamentals of Economics:** Definition, Nature and Scope of Economics, Scarcity of Resources, Various forms of Economic Organization, Three Fundamental Problems of Economics, Production Possibility Frontier, Opportunity Cost, Efficiency and Equity.
- Supply and Demand: Demand and Quantity Demanded, Demand Schedule, Demand Curve, Supply and Quantity Supplied, Supply Schedule, Supply Curve, Equilibrium of Supply and Demand, Movement along the Supply and Demand Curve and Shift of Supply and Demand Curve and Its Effects on Equilibrium Price and Quantity. Elasticity of Supply and Demand; Determinants of Elasticity of Demand.
- 3. **The Theory of Consumer Behavior:** Total and Marginal Utility; Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, Equi-Marginal Utility; Consumer Surplus.
- 4. **Production and Cost:** Production Function and Technology; Production with One Variable Input; Production with Two Variable Inputs; Returns to Scale; Costs in the Short-run; Costs in the Long-run.
- 5. Market Analysis:
 - A. **Perfect Competition:** Characteristics of Perfect Competition; Average and Marginal Revenue; Individual and Market Supply; Short-run equilibrium of a competitive firm Long run Equilibrium under Perfect Competition.
 - B. Monopoly: Average and Marginal Revenue; Supply Curve of the Monopolist; Perfect
- 6. **Overview of Macro Economics:** Objective and Instruments of Macroeconomics, National Income Accounting, Gross Domestic Product, Problem of Double Counting, Net Domestic Product, Gross National Product, From GDP to Disposable Income, Net Economic Welfare (NEW).
- 7. **International Trade:** Domestic Vs. International Trade-Balance of Trade Vs. Balance of Payment-Trend of Changes in International Trade of Bangladesh. Free Trade Vs. Protection, Comparative Advantage Theory.
- 8. **Growth and Development:** Economic Development and Economic Growth, Measurement of Economic Development, Obstacles to Economic Development.
- 9. **Money:** Definition and Functions of Money-Importance of Money in Modern Economy-Different Concepts of Money (M1, M2, M3)-Value of Money. Concept, Causes and Effects of Inflation and Deflation.
- 10. **Government Revenue and Expenditure:** Difference between Public Sector and Private Sector finance, Different Sources of Govt. Revenues, Taxation and Different Kinds of Taxes, Definition of Revenue Budget, Development Budget, Revenue Budget Vs. Development Budget, Surplus, Deficit and Balanced Budget.

- 1. N. Gregory Mankiw. Principles of Economics. Any Late Edition. South Western College.
- 2. Michael Parkin. Economics. Any Late Edition. Prentice and Hall.
- 3. Karl Case and Ray Fair. Principles of Economics. Any Late Edition. Prentice and Hall.
- 4. Paul Samuelson and William Nordhaus. **Economics.** Any Late Edition. McGraw Hill.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Second Year Syllabus Department of Sociology

Four-Year B.S.S. (Honours) Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Syllabus for Four Year B.S.S. Honours Course Subject: Sociology Session: 2013-2014

SECOND YEAR

Paper Code	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
222001	Introductory Anthropology	100	4
222003	Classical Social Thought	100	4
222005	Social Statistics	100	4
222007	Research Methodology	100	4
221909	Political Organization And Political System Of UK And USA	100	4
222209	Bangladesh Economy	100	4
	Total =	600	24
221109	English (Compulsory)	100	Non-Credit

Detailed Syllabus

Paper Code	222001	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Introductory	Anthropology		Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Introduction

- Physical and cultural anthropology and their specialized areas
- Relationships between anthropology and biology, anthropology and sociology and psychology
- Applied anthropology: research methods of social anthropology

2. Schools of Anthropology

- Evolutionism
- Functionalism
- Diffusionism

3. Family, Marriage and Kinship

- Family: Origin and evolution, types, role and functions of family
- Marriage: Types, role and functions, incest theories, marriage transactions
- Kinship: Types and functions; kinship terminology; descent, lineage, clan, indigenous peoples, simple society

4. Economic Organizations

- Themes of economic anthropology: formalism and substantivism
- Property ownership and law of inheritance in archaic societies, food gathering and food producing economies, shifting cultivation
- Exchange and distribution: reciprocity, Kula ring, redistribution, potlatch, market system

5. Political Organizations

- State: Origin of state; Theories developed by anthropologists Morgan, Lowie, Fried, Childe and Service
- Forms of political organization in archaic societies: uncentralized and centralized political system

6. Religion

- Theories relating to the origin of religion: animism and animatism
- Magic, science and religion: role and functions of magic and religion
- Revitalization movements, shaman, priest, witch and sorcerer
- 7. Culture and Personality: Relevant ethnographic studies of Ruth Benedict, Margaret Mead and Cora du Bois

8. Rites of Passage

Major events of birth, marriage, aging and death; beliefs and rituals associated with these events

9. Culture Change and Anthropology

- Causes of and resistance to change
- Role of anthropology
- Problem of studying other cultures: ethnocentrism, cultural relativism, emic and etic approaches

1. Ember and Ember : Anthropology

2. Barnouw : An Introduction to Anthropology

3. Kottak : Cultural Anthropology

4. Taylor : Cultural Ways.

5. মাহমুদা ইসলাম (অনূদিত) : নৃতত্ত্বের সহজ পাঠ

6. ড. মুহাম্মদ হাবিবুর রহমান : নৃবিজ্ঞানের রূপরেখা

7. লুইস হেনরি মর্গান (অনুবাদ- বুলবন ওসমান) : আদিম সমাজ

8. শামসূল আরেফীন (সম্পদিত) : বাংলাদেশের নবিজ্ঞান

9. মর্গান : আদিম সমাজ (অনুঃ বুলবন ওসমান)

10. অজয় রায় : আদি বাঙালী : নৃতাত্ত্বিক ও সমাজতাত্ত্বিক বিশে- ষণ

Paper Code	222003	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Classical Social Thought			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Plato: Ideal state and philosopher king, communism, society and justice, theory of education, family and marriage
- 2. Aristotle: Origin and nature of state, approach to slavery, theory of property, classification of government, causes and prevention of revolution
- 3. Augustine: Earthly and heavenly city
- 4. Kautilya: Laws of economy and production, administration and diplomacy
- **5.** Acquinas: Kinship, types of laws, synthesis of laws
- **6. IbnKhaldun:** New science, study of culture, concept of Asabiyah (social solidarity), rise and fall of dynasty (civilization)
- 7. **Machiavelli:** Idea of strong nation state, characteristics of ruler (prince), conflict between mass people and ruling class, morality and state policy
- 8. Hobbes: The state of nature, the social contract, sovereignty, civil and natural laws
- 9. Locke: The state of nature, concept of slavery, property and political society
- 10. Rousseau: The concept of man, social contract, origin of private property & rise of equality

Books Recommended:

Barnes, H.E. : Social Thought from Lore to Science
 Bogardus : The Development of Social Thought

3. Chamblis : Social Thought

4. Sabine. G.H. : *History of Political Thought*

5. St. Agustin : The City of God6. St. Thomas Aquinas : On Kinship

9. Zeitlin, Irving M. : Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory

৮. সরদার ফজলুল করিম : পে- টোর রিপাবলিক

৯. সরদার ফজলুল করিম : এ্যারিষ্টটলের পলিটিকস (অনুবাদ)

১০. ইবনে খালদুন : 'আলমুকাদ্দিমা' (অনুবাদ : নূর মোহাম্মদ মিয়া)

১১. আখতার্-উল-আলম : ইবনে খালদুন (জীবনী ও চিন্তাধারা)

১২. কাজী তোবারক হোসেন ও

মুহাম্মদ হাসান ইমাম (সম্পাদিত): আধুনিক সমাজবিজ্ঞানের চিন্তা ও তত্ত্ব

Paper Code	222005	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Social Statistics			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Introduction: Definition, meaning, nature and scope of statistics in sociology, functions of statistics: uses and abuses, limitations of statistics, levels of measurement: nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio
- **2. Presentation of Data:** Frequency distribution and frequency table, proportion. Percentage, ratio, and rates; tabulation: univariate and multivariate tables, graphical presentation of data
- 3. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, median, mode
- **4. Measures of Dispersion:** Range, percentile & semi-interquartile range variance, mean deviation, standard deviation, coefficient of variation
- **5. Measures of Association:** Chi-square test, Pearson's product moment coefficient of correlation, regression analysis, rank order correlation, analysis of variance: (ANOVA)
- **6. Normal Distribution:** Growth of normal curve, nature and characteristics of normal curve, areas under normal curve, significance of normal curve, standard score: z- test, student's t-test
- 7. **Testing Hypotheses:** Logic of hypothesis testing, steps in hypothesis testing
- **8. Probability:** Definition, nature and scope of statistical probability, permutation and combination, binomial probability
- **9. Sampling:** Definition and meaning of sampling, functions and importance of sampling, types of sampling, determination of sample size
- 10. Sampling Distribution: Definition, meaning and nature of sampling distribution; functions and importance of sampling distribution; standard error of sampling distribution; central limit theorem, law of large number, point and interval estimation

- 1. Blalock, Social Statistics
- 2. Loether & McTavish, Descriptive and Inferential Statistics: An Introduction
- 3. Mueller & Schuessler, Statistical Reasoning in Sociology

4. Walsh, A., Statistics for Social Scientists

Paper Code	222007	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Research Mthodology			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Nature of Scientific Research: Logic of science, law, theory, generalization, hypothesis; Data: relationship between data and theory
- 2. Concepts--Relations among Concepts, Statements: Association, causality, direction and magnitude of the relationship
- **3. Hypothesis and Theoretical Model:** Operational definition; definitions of data in terms of concepts, variables, indicators
- **4. Measurement of Data:** Levels of measurement-nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio; attitudinal scales-Lickert, Thurstone, Guttman
- 5. Construction of questionnaire and interview schedules
- 6. Sample and Sampling Techniques: Probability, non-probability sample
- 7. **Data Collection Techniques:** Survey, participant-observation and qualitative techniques-focus group discussion (FGD), participatory rapid appraisal (PRA), rapid rural appraisal (RRA)
- 8. Data Processing, Editing and Analysis: Univariate, bivariate and multivariate analysis of data
- 9. Hypothesis testing
- **10.** Writing of Research Proposal and Research Monograph: Writing a research proposal, budget preparation, use of references, source materials, presentation of research findings

Rooks Recommended:

- 1. Babbie, Survey Research Methods. London: Wordswarth, 1990
- 2. Bryman and Burgess (eds.), Analyzing Qualitative Data. London: Routledge. 1994
- 3. Nachmias and Nachmias, Research Methods in Social Sciences London: St. Martin's Press, 1981
- 4. Lawrance Neuman, Social Research Methods

Paper Code	221909	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	Political Organisat	Exam Duration: 4 Hours		

1. **Constitution:** Meaning and significance, Classification, Methods of Establishing Constitution, Requisites of a good Constitution.

- 2. **Forms of Government:** The Concept of Traditional and Modern Forms, Democracy, Dictatorship, Parliamentary, Presidential, Unitary and Federal.
- 3. Theory of Separation of Power: Meaning, Significance and Working.
- 4. **Organs of Government:** Legislature, Executive, Judiciary and Electorate.
- 5. **Political Behaviour:** Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public Opinion.
- 6. **British Political System:** Nature, Features and Sources of the Constitution, Conventions, Monarchy, Parliament, The Prime Minister and the Cabinet, Party System.
- 7. **American Political System:** Nature and Features of the Constitution, The System of Checks and Balances, The President and Congress, Judiciary and Political Parties.

1. K.C. Wheare : Modern Constitution
2. K. C. Wheare : Federal Government

3. W.F. Willoughby : The Government of Modern State

4. C.F. Strong : Modern Constitution
 5. R.M. Mac Iver : The Web of Government
 7. ড. মোঃ মকসুদুর রহমান : রাষ্ট্রীয় সংগঠনের রূপরেখা

৪. ড. ওদুদ ভূঁইয়া : রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান
 9. বিপুল রঞ্জন নাথ : রাষ্ট্রীয় সংগঠন

10 নির্মল কান্তি ঘোষ : আধুনিক রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞানের ভূমিকা

Paper Code	222209	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title: Bangladesh Economy				Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Macroeconomic Situation: Bangladesh Economy: Growth, Savings and Investment-Inflation-Fiscal Sector-Monetary and Financial Sector-Money & Credit, Interest Rate, Capital Markets-External Sector: Exports, Imports, Expatriate Employment & Remittances, Balance of Payments, Foreign Exchange Reserve, Exchange Rate- Medium Term Macro Economic Framework-Reform Programs-Agriculture-Industry-State-Owned Enterprises-Power & Energy-Transport & Communication-Human Resource Development-Poverty Alleviation-Private Sector Development-Environment & Development.
- 2. **GDP, Saving and Investment:** Sector wise Growth of GDP-Savings-Investment.
- 3. **Prices, Wages and Employment:** Consumer Price Index & Inflation-Wage-Labor Force & Employment-Overseas Employment and Remittances.
- 4. **Fiscal Policy and Management:** Fiscal Policy-Government Receipts-Tax Management-Revenue Collection Activities-Public Expenditure-Expenditure under ADP-Composition of ADP Expenditure by Major Sectors-Budget Balance and Financing-Resources for ADP-Public Debt Management.

- 5. Monetary Management and Financial Market Development: Monetary Policy & Monetary Management-Money & Credit Situation-Financial Market Management-Banking Sector-Non-Banking Financial Institutions-Interest Rate Movement-Financing in Agriculture, Industry & SMEs-Financial Sector Management and Policy Reforms-Capital Market & Capital Market Scenario.
- 6. **External Sector:** World Trade Scenario-Export and Import Policy, Simplification of Tariff Structure-Reduction of Tariff-Export Policy-Steps towards Export Development-World Trade Organization and Bangladesh-Regional Trade Agreement: APTA, SAFTA, BIMSTECFTA,TPSOIC, D-8, SAPTA, Balance of Payments-Export Position and Composition of Export Commodities, Country wise Export Earnings-Country wise Import Payment-Exchange Rate Policy-Foreign Exchange Reserve.
- 7. **Agriculture:** Management of Agriculture: Food Grains Production-Food Budget-Seed and Planning Materials-Fertilizer-Irrigation-Agricultural Credit-Budget Allocation for Agricultural Sector-Development Activities in Agriculture, Fisheries and Livestock Sector.
- 8. **Industry:** Size and Growth Rate of Manufacturing Sector-Quantum Index of Production of manufacturing Industries-SMEs-BSCIC-Production Performance of State Owned Enterprises (SOEs) -Reform programs in State Owned Industrial Sector-Industrial Investment Status: Industrial Loan-Bangladesh Export Processing Zones.
- 9. **State Owned Enterprises:** Non-Financial Public Enterprises of Bangladesh-Production and Factor Income of SOE Sector-Net profit/Loss-Contribution to public Exchequer-Government Grant/Subsidy-Debt Service Liabilities-Bank Loan-Financial Performance of SOE Sector.
- 10. **Power and Energy:** Contribution of Electricity in GDP and its Growth Rate-Present Power Generation Scenario-Transmission and Distribution-Power generation program-Transmission System-Energy Efficiency and Energy Conservation.
- 11. **Transport and Communication:** Road and Highways-Activities of Bridges Division-Bangladesh Railway-Water Transport-Air Transport-Information and Communication-Postal Service.
- 12. **Human Development:** Human Development and public Outlay for the social Sector-Education and Technology-Women Development-ICT Program and Education-Education Policy 2010-Helth Sector Development-Women and Children Affairs-Social Welfare Activities-Youth and Sports-Cultural Affairs-Labor and Employment.
- 13. **Poverty Alleviation:** Attainment of Millennium Development Goals-Poverty Reduction Strategy Framework-Measurement of the incidence of Poverty in Bangladesh-Trends of Poverty-Poverty Alleviation Programs. Employment generation program for the poorest-Activities of the Department of Cooperatives-Information and Communication Technology (ICT) for Poverty Alleviation.
- 14. **Private Sector Development:** Developing a Private Investment Friendly Environment-Industrial Reforms-Investment Scenario-Privatization of State Owned Enterprise-Public Private Partnership-Privatization activities in various sectors in the economy.
- 15. **Environment and Development:** World Environment Movement-Kyoto Protocol-Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) Activities-The Major Environmental Problems of Bangladesh-The Government Initiatives to Address Environmental Protection and Development-Climate Change and state of Vulnerability of Bangladesh.

Islam, Mujahidul, S. M., Bangladesh Economy (Latest Edition)

References:

- 1. Bangladesh Economic Review (Latest Edition), Ministry of Finance
- 2. Annual Report, Bangladesh Bank (Current Issue)
- 3. The Millennium Development Goals, Bangladesh Progress Report, GED, Planning Commission, BBS
- 4. World Economic Outlook, April 2011, IMF

Paper Code:	221109	Marks: 100	Non-Credit	Class Hours: 60
Paper Title:	English	(Compulsory)	Exam. Duration: 4Hours	

Aims and objectives of this Paper: To develop students' English language skills, to enable them to benefit personally and professionally. The four skills — listening, speaking, reading and writing will be integrated to encourage better language use.

1. Reading and understanding

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

Students will be expected to read passages that they might come across in their everyday life, such as newspapers, magazines, general books etc. Simple stories will also be included to give students a familiarity with different uses of the language.

[N.B.: 5 Questions are to be answered. Each question will carry 4 marks. There may be division in each question]

- a) Understanding different purposes and types of readings
- b) Guessing word-meaning in context.
- c) Understanding long sentences
- d) Recognizing main ideas and supporting ideas.
- e) Answering comprehension questions.
- f) Writing summaries.

2. Writing

40

a) Writing correct sentences, completing sentences and combining sentences.

5

b) Situational writing: Posters, notices, slogans, memos, advertisements etc.

4

c) Paragraph writing: Structure of a paragraph; topic sentences; developing ideas; writing a conclusion; types of paragraphs (narrative, descriptive, expository, persuasive); techniques of paragraph development (such as listing, cause and effect, comparison and contrast).

8

Or,

- d) Newspaper writing: Reports, press releases dialogues etc.
- e) Writing resumés.

Or,

- f) Writing letters: Formal and informal letters, letters to the editor, request letters, job applications, complaint letters etc.
- g) Essay: Generating ideas; outlining; writing a thesis sentence; writing the essay: writing introductions, developing ideas, writing conclusions; revising and editing.

15

3. Grammar 25

- a) Word order of sentences.
- b) Framing questions.
- c) Tenses, articles, subject-verb agreement, noun-pronoun agreement, verbs, phrasal verbs, conditionals, prepositions and prepositional phrases, infinitives, participles, gerunds. (Knowledge of grammar will be tested through contextualised passages).
- d) Punctuation.
- 4. **Developing vocabulary**: Using the dictionary, suffixes, prefixes, synonyms, antonyms, changing word forms (from verb to noun etc.) and using them in sentences.

10

5. Translation from Bengali to English.

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

6. **Speaking skills**: Speaking skills should be integrated with writing and reading in classroom activities.

The English sound system; pronunciation skills; the IPA system; problem sounds, vowels, consonants and dipthongs; lexical and syntactic stress.

(Writing dialogue and practising it orally students can develop their speaking skill. Dialogue writing can be an item in writing test.)

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Third Year Syllabus Department of Sociology

Four-Year B.S.S. (Honours) Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Syllabus for Four Year B.S.S. Honours Course Subject: Sociology Session: 2013-2014

THIRD YEAR

Paper Code	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
232001	Classical Sociological Theory	100	4
232003	Rural Sociology	100	4
232005	Sociology of Religion	100	4
232007	Social Inequality	100	4
232009	Societies and Communities	100	4
232011	Social Structure of Bangladesh	100	4
232013	Urban Sociology	100	4
232015	Social Psychology	100	4
	Total=	800	32

Detailed Syllabus

Paper Code	232001	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Classical Sociological Theory			

- 1. Historical Setting in Which Sociology Appeared as a Discipline: Socio-economic and political changes leading to the modern Europe, French revolution and Industrial revolution
- 2. Auguste Comte: Positive philosophy, hierarchy of the sciences: the three stages of development
- **3. Herbert Spencer:** Evolution of society from simple to compound, militant and industrial societies, social Darwinism
- **4. Karl Marx:** Historical and dialectical materialism; concepts of labour, surplus value and alienation; modes of production, transition from feudalism to capitalism and Asiatic mode of production; class and class conflict and conception of socialism and communism
- **5. Emile Durkheim:** Social fact and his methodology, division of labour, social solidarity, mechanical and organic societies, theory of suicide, and religion and society
- **6. Max Weber:** Social action, types of social action, ideal and pure type, types of authority, and bureaucracy
- 7. Vilfredo Pareto: Logico-experimental method, circulation of elites and social change

- 1. George Ritzer, Classical Sociological Theory, New York: McGraw Hill. 1992
- 2. Doyle Paul Johnson. Sociological Theory: Classical Founders and Contemporary Perspectives. New York: Wiley. 1981
- 3. Lewis Coser, *Masters of Sociological Thought*. 2nd Ed. New York: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1977
- 4. Raymond Aron. Main Currents in Sociological Thought, 2 Vols. New York: Basic Books, 1965
- 5. Marx, Karl. The communist manifesto
- 6. Morrison, Ken: Thoughts of Karl Marx.

Paper Code	232003	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Rural Sociology			

- 1. **Definition and Scope:** Meaning of rural society rural society, peasant society, agrarian society, indigenous and rural societies
- 2. Nature of Rural Settlement and Its Ecology: nature of rural communities, informal structure samaj, rural families: types and characteristics, changing pattern of rural families and marriage, dowry and marriage
- 3. Nature of Farming: Types of farming, changing pattern of farming
- **4. Agrarian Structure:** Agrarian structure of developing countries, land reforms and land ownership
- **5.** Rural Class Structure and Social Mobility: Populist and Marxist theories of rural class structure and peasant mobility; rural power structure, nature of *shalish*
- **6. Rural Society and Culture:** Peasant worldview, the moral economy of peasantry, rationality and peasantry, modernity and peasant society
- 7. Peasants and Peasant Movements: Examples from South Asia and Latin America, the contribution of subaltern studies in understanding peasant movements
- **8.** Social Change in Rural Society: Diffusion of innovations, nature and process of innovations in rural society, nature and impact of Green Revolution, agriculture and environment, rural-urban interaction
- **9. Poverty in Rural Society:** Nature of rural poverty, vulnerability and rural society, changing pattern of poverty, migration, non-farm activities and poverty
- **10. Rural Development:** Models of rural development; success and failure of rural development models, local government and rural development, NGOs and rural development- NGO strategies of rural development- examples of Grameen Bank, BRAC and other NGOs

- 1. Katar Singh, Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management, New Delhi: SAGE, 1999
- 2. Teodor Shanin (ed.), Peasant and Peasant Society, Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1988 Latest ed.
- 3. আসহাবুর রহমান (সম্পাদিত), ১৯৯৭, *বাংলাদেশে কৃষিপ্রশ্ন: তত্ত্ব ও বাস্ট্রব*তা, ঢাকা: ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লিমিটেড।
- 4. কামাল সিদ্দিকী : বাংলাদেশের গ্রামীণ দরিদ : স্বরূপ ও সমাধান
- 5. আসাবুর রহমান : বাংলাদেশের কৃষি কাঠামো : কৃষক সমাজ ও উন্নয়ন
- 6. কাজী তোবারক হোসেন ও
 - মুহাম্মদ হাসান ইমাম (সম্পাদিত) : বাংলাদেশের গ্রাম
- 7. মাহবুব হোসেন : বাংলাদেশের পল-ী উন্নয়ন : সমস্যা ও স্মাধান
- 8. গাজী সালেহ উদ্দিন : বাংলাদেশের ভূমিস্তু, ভূমি সংস্কার ও গ্রামীণ উন্নয়ন
- 9. বোরহান উদ্দিন খান জাহাঙ্গীর : গ্রামাঞ্চলে ধনতন্ত্রের বিকাশ
- 10. আনু মুহাম্মদ : বাংলাদেশের গ্রামীণ সমাজ ও অর্থনীতি

Paper Code	232005	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Sociology of Religion			

- 1. Sociological Perspectives of Religion: Definition, origin, development and scope of sociology of religion, relationship with other social sciences
- 2. Concepts of Sociology of Religion: Magic, witchcraft and sorcery; characteristics of religion
- **3. Types of Religion:** Totemism and Animism, Polytheism and Monotheism, Hinduism, Judaism, Christianity, Islam
- **4. Theories of Religion:** Durkheim--elementary forms of religion, Weber--protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism
- 5. Types of Religious Organizations: Churches and state, denominations and cults
- **6.** Religion and Social Stratification: Religion and social status, social class and religious involvement, ethnicity and gender
- 7. **Religion and State:** Theocracy in Christian and Islamic state, separation of church and state in the west, caliphate and state in the orient, state and religion in the third world: Iran, Indonesia, Malaysia and India
- **8. Religious Movements:** Religious revivalism-- Fundamentalism in Judaism, Christianity, Islam and Hinduism
- 9. Social Change and Religion: Secularism in the west, colonization and religion in the developing countries, modernization and religion, problems of secularism in the contemporary developing countries
- 10. Religion in Bangladesh: History of religions in Bangladesh--Hinduism, Buddhism, Sufism, Islam and Christianity; Role of saints in Bangladesh, State of religion in contemporary Bangladesh

- 1. Peter Beyer, Religion and Globalization, London: Sage, 1994
- 2. Asim Ray, Islam in South Asia, Dhaka: Ankur
- 3. T.N. Madan (ed.), Religion in India, Delhi: Oxford,1999

Paper Code	232007	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Social Inequality			

1. Definition and Scope Of Inequality

Concept of social inequality, sociological significance of studying social inequality, social stratification and social inequality

2. Origin of Social Inequality

Ideas of primitive communism and egalitarian society; ownership of property rights in simple societies and emergence of private property; social inequality in hunting and gathering societies

3. Historical Forms of Inequality

Slavery

Caste

Estate

Class

4. Theories of Social Inequality

Karl Marx: Conflict and change

Vilfredo Pareto: Elites and circulation of elites

Max Weber: Class, status, and party K. Davis and W.E. Moore vs. Tumin

Measurement of Inequality

5. Gender and Inequality

Patriarchy and gender discriminations in pre-industrial and contemporary society

Capitalism, globalization and status of women

6. Racial and Ethnic Inequality

Conceptualization of minority, racial and ethnic group

Prejudice and discrimination; patterns of race and ethnic group relations and social inequality

7. Age and Social Inequality

Concept of age and ageism;

Attitude to the elderly in different cultures: prejudice and discrimination

8. Inequality and Social Mobility

Horizontal and vertical mobility

Social and psychological correlates of inter and intra-generational mobility

Structural determinants of mobility

Individual and collective mobility

9. Inequality and Poverty

Definition of Poverty: absolute and relative poverty

Spatial dimensions of inequality and poverty: Local, national, regional and global

10. Inequality in Bangladesh

Values, institutions, agencies and forces related to inequality

Confronting inequality: challenges of change and choice

Books Recommended:

- 1. Lenski, Power and Privilege. A theory of Social Stratification
- 2. Bottomore, Class in Modern Society
- 3. E.G. Grabb, Social Inequality: Classical and contemporary Theories
- 4. Yagendra Singh, Social Stratification and Change in India, New Delhi: Manohar, 1999.
- 5. Amartya Sen, *Inequality Re-examined*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press
- 6. মুহাম্মদ হাবীবুর রহমান, সামজিক অসমতা।
- 7. এ. এফ. ইমাম আলী, সামাজিক অসমতা।

Paper Code	232009	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Societies and Communities			

- 1. Key concepts: Clan, lineage, tribe, community, society, ethnic groups, nation, state, civil society
- **2. India in historical perspective:** Social structure and change: caste system and Indian society, state and agrarian system of Mughal India, class structure and social change in contemporary India
- **3.** United Kingdom: Feudalism, transition from feudalism to capitalism, industrial revolution, development of democracy, colonialism and imperialism, British class structure- upper class, working class, underclass, social mobility and class
- **4. Japan:** Social structure and group life in Japan, socialization, crime and deviance in Japan, Class structure and inequality in modern Japan

5. Mexico

Social structure and group life: Social networks in Mexican society, compadrezgo and personal networks /patronage/reciprocity

Mexican social institutions—family, political parties

Class structure- upper class, middle class and lower class

Social change in contemporary Mexico

6. Egypt:

Social structure-extended family, clan, marriage, urban networks

Social structure: class structure and inequality In Egypt, life of a religious minority

Social change in contemporary Egypt

7. China

Social Classes: gentry and bureaucracy

Agrarian Structure

China and the coming of the west

Unsuccessful revolutions: kuomintang government

Communist revolution

8. Communities in Bangladesh: selected ethnic groups and communities of Bangladesh

Chakma, Rakhaine, beday, fishermen, weavers, sweepers, Biharees, Kutties, religious minorities-Hindus, Buddhists, Christians

Books Recommended:

- 1. Linda Schneider and Arnold Silverman, Global Sociology: Introducing Five Contemporary societies. WCB/McGraw, 1997
- 2. Sugata Bose and Ayesha Jalal, Modern South Asia, Delhi: Oxford, 1999
- 3. Richard B. Ford Tradition and Change in Four Societies, 1968 Latest ed. New York: Holt, Rineheart and Winston

Paper Code	232011	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Social Str	ucture of Bangladesh	1	

- 1. Concept and theories of social structure
- 2. Bangladesh in the context of the orient and pre-capitalist western society
- 3. The Bengal Frontier: The ecological context of Bangladesh society, land, river and climate
- 4. Origin and growth of Bengal villages: Social structure of Bengal villages, land tenure system
- 5. Town in Bengal: Trade, commerce, urbanization, trading communities in Bengal.
- **6.** Colonialism and Bengal: Permanent settlement and the new agrarian structure; English education and Bengal renaissance; new class structure
- 7. Peasant Movements in Bangladesh
- **8. Social Background of the Emergence of Bangladesh**: Development of internal colonialism, 1947-1970; Language movement and the rise of Bengali nationalism
- **9.** Changing pattern of Inequality in Bangladesh: Classes and status groups in contemporary Bangladesh; changing power structure; women and empowerment; poverty and social exclusion
- **10. Social change in Bangladesh:** Urbanization, modernization and changing socio-cultural values; civil society, NGOs and social change

Books Recommended:

1. Akbar Ali Khan, Discovery of Bangladesh

- 2. Nazmul Karim, Changing society in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh
- 3. Rangalal Sen: Political Elites in Bangladesh
- 4. ড. রংগলাল সেন, সমাজকাঠামো: পুঁজিবাদ ও সমাজতন্ত্র
- 5. অনুপম সেন, বাংলাদেশ: রাষ্ট্র ও সমাজ

Paper Code	232013	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Urban So	ciology		

- 1. **Introduction:** Definition and subject-matter of urban sociology, social and cultural contexts of the emergence of urban sociology, development of urban sociology as a field of study, new urban sociology: global capitalism, political economy and culture
- **2. Perspectives on Urban Development:** Preconditions of city life and ancient urbanization: Sjoberg & Childe; Classical cities: Braudel; The rise of medieval town in Europe: Weber, Pirenne; Capitalism and the rise of the industrial cities

3. Theories and Perspectives in Urban Sociology

Political economy and the city: Marx, Engels, Weber, Lefebvre; Class conflict theories: Gordon, Stroper, Walker and Castells; Class accumulation theories: Harvey, Scott

The growth of machine: Logan and Molotch

Real estate and government intervention: Feagin, Gottdiener

4. Neighborhoods

Definition and approaches, types of neighborhood, functions of neighborhood

5. Social Stratification and the Metropolis: Class differences and spatial location: upper class, middle class; working class: working poor and the underclass; women and space: women and urban political economy, women and the environment; ethnicity and residential segregation

6. Metropolitan problems

Urban poverty: racism, gender and under class; crime and drugs; housing: suburban inequities. homelessness; fiscal crises and public service cutbacks

7. Third World Urbanization:

Patterns of Third World urbanization, primate city development patterns, shantytown development, the informal economy, urban social movements and politics, pattern of Bangladesh urbanization

8. Urban Culture: Urbanism as a way of life, characteristics of urban culture, changing urban culture: modernization and revivalism

- 1. Flanagan, William G. *Contemporary Urban Sociology* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press) 1993
- 2. Gottdiener, Mark. The New Urban Sociology (New York: McGraw-Hill), 1994
- 3. Castells, Manual. The Urban Question (Cambridge: mass: MIT-Press), 1977
- 4. Drakakis-Smith, David. The Third World City (London: Routledge), 1992
- 5. Pirenne, *The Medieval City*
- 6. Weber, Max. The City

Paper Code	232015	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title	Social Psychology			

- 1. Introduction: The Science of social psychology, history of its development, methods used in social psychology
- 2. Socialization: Processes and products, cultural influences on behaviours
- **3. Social perception:** Basic processes affecting perceptual response, perceptual defense, perceptual accentuation, person perception
- **4. Attitude:** Formation of attitudes, measurement of attitudes, processes of attitude change, some theories of attitude change, persuasive attitude change
- 5. Group Structures and Processes: Kinds of groups, methods of studying group processes
- **6. Communication:** The process of communication; communication and language; language, culture and thinking; non-verbal communication
- 7. **Personality:** Personality and culture; impact of culture on personality formation and development; theories of personality development—Freud, Adler
- **8. Leadership:** The meaning of leadership and its types, traits of leader, role of leaders, leadership and social change
- 9. Mass behavior: Crowd, audience, mob, rumour, fashion, fad, craze, propaganda
- 10. Public opinion: Processes and factors of public opinion, agencies of public opinion

- 1. Hollander, E.P. *Principles and Methods of Social Psychology*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Krech, D., Crutchfield R.S. and Ballachey, E.L. *Individual in Society*. New York; Tokyo: McGraw Hill Co. Ltd.
- 3. Lindgren, H.C., An Introduction to Social Psychology. New York: Wiley and Sons.
- 4. Sargent, S.S. and Williamson, R.C. Social Psychology. New York: The Ronald Press.
- 5. Secord, P.F. and Backman, Social Psychology. McGraw Hill.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Fourth Year Syllabus Department of Sociology

Four-Year B.S.S. (Honours) Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Syllabus for Four Year B.S.S. Honours Course Subject: Sociology Session: 2013-2014

FOURTH YEAR

Paper Code	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
242001	Gender, Society and Development	100	4
242003	Sociology of Development	100	4
242005	Social Demography	100	4
242007	Sociology of Environment	100	4
242009	Sociology of Bangladesh	100	4
242011	Social Change	100	4
242013	Deviance and Crime	100	4
242015	Industrial Sociology	100	4
242017	Peasant Society	100	4
242018	Viva-voce	100	4
	Total=	1000	40

Detailed Syllabus

Paper Code	242001	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Gender, Socie	ety and Development		Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Introduction:

- a. Definition of gender
- b. Difference between gender and sex
- c. Gender as social construction
- d. Boundaries and negotiation between women and men

2. Socialization of Gender role:

- a. Family and socialization: childhood experience and adult socialization
- b. Educational institutions
- c. Mass media
- d. Social values: myth, taboo and women

3. Theoretical Debates on Women's Empowerment:

- a. Liberal feminism
- b. Marxist socialist feminism
- c. Radical feminism
- d. Black feminism and feminism in South Asia

4. Gender and Politics:

- a. The role and participation of women in politics
- b. Women and state
- c. Women's role in nationalist struggle with reference to India and Bangladesh

5. Gender and Violence:

- a. Major cases and trends of violence against women
- b. Violence against reproductive right of women
- c. Various steps to combat violence against women

6. Gender and Development:

- a. Integration of women in development
- b. Women in Development (WID)
- c. Gender and Development (GAD)
- d.Women Environment and Development (WED) Concepts and Iterative approach to development
- e. Critical analysis of gender mainstreaming in various multilateral and national institutions

7. Gender in Bangladesh:

- a. Situation analyses: economic, social, political legal spheres, First (1973-78), Second (1980-85), Third (1985-90) & Fourth Five Year (19990-95) plans
- b. Women development policy, CEDAW, Platform for Action, 1995 & Beijing +5;

- 1. Akanda, Latifa & Shamin, Isharat (1985), Women and Violence: A comparative Study of Rural and Urban Violence on Women in Bangladesh. Dhaka: Women for Women: A research and Study Group.
- 2. Boserup, Ester (1970), Women's Role in Economic Development, Ney York: St. Martin's Press.
- 3. Braidotti, Rosi, Ewa Charkiewicz, Sabin Hausler & Saskia Wieringa (1994). Women, the Environment and Sustainable Development towards a Theoretical Synthesis. London: Zed Books.
- 4. Evans, Judith (1995), Feminist Theory Today: an introduction to Second Wave Feminism. London: Sage Publications.
- 5. Firestone, Shulamith (1970), *The Dialectic of Sex: The Case for Feminist Revolution*. New York: bantam Books.
- 6. NGLS (2000), Gender on the Agenda: A guide to Participating in Beijing +5
- 7. Haider, Rana (1995), A perspective in Development: Gender Focus, Dhaka: UPL.
- 8. Hamed, Shamim (1996). Why Women Count: Essays on Women in Development in Bangladesh. Dhaka: UPL.
- 9. Kabeer, Naila (1999), Reversed Realities: Gender Hierarchies in Development Thought, London: Verso.
- 10. Mies, Maria, Vandana Shiva (1993), Ecofeminism. London, Zed Books.
- 11. উইনিফ্রেড হল্টবি (ভাষাম্পুর: মোবাশ্বেরা খানম), ২০১০, *নারী এবং ক্রমপরিবর্তিত সভ্যতা*, ঢাকা: সুবর্ণ।

Paper Code	242003	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Sociology of Development			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Changing Concept of Development: Historical background of development and under development; social change growth and development; indicators and measurement of development
- **2. Theoretical Perspectives on Development:** Modernization, dependency, world-systems, neo-Marxist perspectives
- 3. Development of Countries in Historical Perspective: Pre-colonial period, colonial period and post-colonial period
- **4. Population and development:** Pattern of population growth, impact of population growth, population vs. resources, environment and sustainable development
- **5. Industrialization:** Industrial process, pattern of industrialization, industrial policies, role of foreign capital in industrialization
- **6. Urbanization:** Characteristics and pattern of urbanization, growth of megalopolises, urban problems issues of urban governance and poverty
- 7. State, Bureaucracy and Civil Society: Nature of the state, characteristics of bureaucracy and political parties; local government governance issues
 - Nature of authoritarianism and democratization, patterns of political culture, role of civil society, dynamics of democratic transition

- **8.** Foreign aid and trade: Nature and role of foreign aid in development arguments for and against foreign aid; changing pattern of trade in the age of globalism; role of multinational /transnational corporations, globalization and development
- **9. Culture and development:** Role of culture in development-- traditions and modernities; cultural dependency /imperialism; globalization, culture and development

- 1. Bjorn Hettne. Development Theory and the Three Worlds. 1994
- 2. Vicky Randall and Rabin Tehobald. *Political Change and underdevelopment*. London: Macmillan. 1985 (Latest ed.)
- 3. Graham Harris. *The Sociology of Development*. London: Longman 1993 (Latest ed.).
- 4. J.E. Goldthorpe. Sociology of the Third World

5. হাসানুজ্জামান চৌধুরী : সমাজ ও উন্নয়ন

৬. মুহাম্মদ হাসান ইমাম (সম্পাদিত) : উন্নয়ন ও অনুনুয়ন প্রসঙ্গ ৭. আমিনুল ইসলাম : উন্নয়নচিন্তার পালাবদল

Paper Code	242005	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Social Den	ography		Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Social Demography as a Discipline:

- a. Definition of social demography, distinction between population studies and demography, development of demography as a scientific discipline
- b. Sociology and demography: relationship between demographic and social variables; sources of demographic data, errors in demographic data

2. World Population Growth, Population Policy and Population Theory

- a. Present status of population growth
- b. The demographic transition: relationships between birth and death rates--major transition stages
- c. Causes for divergent birth rates: nutrition, sanitation and medicine values and attitudes-institutional factors
- d. National population policies and demographic transition
- e. Population theories: classical and contemporary

3. Age Composition

- a. The age-sex pyramid
- b. Factors affecting age patterns: fertility mortality war migration; variations in age patterns: developed and developing countries

4. Sex Composition

- a. Sex ratio
- b. Factors affecting the sex ratio: fertility mortality—migration.

- c. Variations in sex ratio: international comparison—rural-urban differences—race/ethnic differences.
- d. Changes in sex composition: trends in the United States and Bangladesh

5. Marital Characteristics

- a. Marital status, factors affecting marital status
- b. Trends in marital status: international comparison trends in Bangladesh, changing marriage rates
- c. Changing divorce rates: one parent families remarriage
- d. Differentials in marital status: age sex race/ethnicity farm-nonfarm
- e. Patterns of mate selection: exogamy endogamy

6. Fertility

- a. Fertility concepts and measures
- b. Trends in world fertility: long fall in the developed countries —changing fertility in the developing countries Bangladesh —explanation for high and low fertility rates
- c. Fertility differentials: age rural-urban race/ethnicity socioeconomic status
- d. Fertility control: Davis-Blake model Contraceptive prevalence in south Asia

7. Mortality

- a. Mortality concepts and measures
- b. Trends in world mortality: differential international pattern explanation for high and low mortality rates
- c. Mortality differentials: sex age rural-urban race/ethnicity socioeconomic status
- d. Mortality control: international comparison —reasons for declining mortality
- e. Causes of death: cause of health differences by sex by age by race/ethnicity

8. Migration

- a. Migration concepts and measures
- b. Typology of migration: voluntary non-peaceful impelled theories of migration
- c. Migration in Bangladesh: internal external causes and consequences of migration

9. Population Problem, Policy and Planning:

- a. Population problems and factors behind it-- trends and features, contemporary debate on population problem
- b. The concepts of population control, policies and planning issues of population control
- c. Family planning as an approach to population control
- d. Nature of population policies in developed and developing countries

- 1. Weeks. John R, *Population: An Introduction to concepts and Issues* (Belmont, CA: Wadsworth) 1999
- 2. Zopf: Paul E. *Population: An Introduction to Social Demography* (Palo Alto. California: Mayfield Publishing Company) 1984
- 3. Shryock, Henry S, Jacob S. Siegel and Associates, *The Methods and Materials of Demography*, Condensed Edition by Edward G Stockwell. (New York: Academic Press, Inc.) 1976
- 4. United Nations, World Population Perspectives. Current ed. 2001
- 5. হাসানুজ্জামান চৌধুরী , সমাজ ও জনসংখ্যা

Paper Code	242007	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Sociology of Environment			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Introduction:

- a. Definition and scope of sociology of environment
- b. origin and development of sociology of environment

2. Some Basic Concepts and their Relationships with Environment:

- a. Environment, ecology, ecosphere, ecosystem, and food chain
- b. Social and physical environment
- c. Global warming, environmental degradation, eco-politics, green tax, environmental refugee

3. Environmental Theories and Debates:

- a. Ecological explanation: Human Exceptionalism Paradigm (HEP) and New Environmental Paradigm (NEP)
- b. Political Economy Explanation
- c. Eco-centrism, Techno-centrism, Ecofeminism

4. Population, Development and Environment:

- a. Population explosion and environment-reports of the Club of Rome
- b. Impact of population on environment-recent evidences
- c. Impact of development on environment and post development, sustainable development

5. Environmental Hazards and Disaster:

a. Greenhouse effect

- b. Air pollution and water pollution
- c. Deforestation
- d. Arsenic contamination of water and health hazards
- e. Floods, cyclones, rise of river beds
- f. Earthquake
- g. Poverty

6. Social Process and Environment Degradation:

- a. Social and economic processes of environmental degradation-- industrialization and technological change, urbanization
- b. Development and energy consumption
- c. Social inequality, consumption pattern and environmental degradation

7. Gender and Environmentalism:

- a. Gender relations and impact of environmental problems on women, men and children
- b. Gender responses to environment problems

8. Environmental Policy and Planning:

- a. Environmental planning
- b. Government policies and programmes-- controlling polling, afforestation, disaster management, impact evaluation
- c. environmental education and awareness

- 1. Kemp David, Global Environmental Issues, London. Routledge, 1990
- 2. Hannigan, John A., Environmental Sociology: Social Theory and Global Environment, 1995
- 3. M. Redclift and T Benton (ed.), Social Theory and Global Environment, 1994
- 4. Dankelman, Irene and Joan Davidson, Women and the Environment in the Third World, 1998
- 5. Shiva, Vandana and Maria Mies, Ecofeminism. London. Zed Press, 1993
- 6. Gain, Philip. Bangladesh Environment: Facing the 21" Century, Dhaka: SEHD, 1998
- 7. Dasgupta, Samir, Understanding Global Environment, Swarabh printers, 2009
- 8. Dasgupta, Samir, Women's Encounter with Disaster, Front page publication ltd. 2010
- ৯. মাহবুবা নাসরীন, ড. খোন্দকার মোকান্দেম হোসেন ও দেবাশীষ কুমার কুন্তু, ২০০৬, পরিবেশ সমাজবিজ্ঞান, ঢাকা: তপন প্রকাশন।
- ১০. হাসানুজ্জামান চৌধুরী , পরিবেশ ও পুঁজিবাদ

Paper Code	242009	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Sociology of H	Bangladesh		Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. The Social Background of Bangladesh Society: The ecological context; nature of village society; religion, culture & ethnicity; the British colonialism and its impact; Pakistan era: the internal colonialism emergence of Bangladesh: language movement liberation war
- 2. Population, Ethnicity and Health: Population composition: age-sex-marital status-literacy-labour force; population change: fertility-mortality-migration and population control; ethnic groups in Bangladesh; changing pattern of health and morbidity: expansion of health facilities and emerging challenges
- 3. Marriage, Family and Socialization: Changing pattern of marriage and divorce; changing pattern of family and kinship; cultural change and nature of socialization
- **4. Economy of Bangladesh:** Rural economy: farm and non-farm activities, problems of agrarian transformation; urban economy: industrial growth, working class, underclass; informal economy; problems of industrialization; migration: rural-urban migration, international migration: remittance economy
- 5. Social Inequality, Social Stratification and Poverty: Nature of social inequality in Bangladesh; income inequality, gender inequality, ethnic inequality, status inequality; occupational structure in Bangladesh; growth and nature of middle class; poverty trends
- **6. Politics:** Nature of the state, bureaucracy and political parties in Bangladesh; political culture; governance problems in Bangladesh; local governments in Bangladesh
- 7. Rural Society and Urbanization: Agrarian structure-- land tenure and class structure; community and power structure: *samaj-salish*; patron-client relationship; rural development: strategies and problems of rural development
- **8.** Crime and Deviance: Pattern and forms of crime in Bangladesh; penology and correctional methods in Bangladesh; criminal laws and judiciary in Bangladesh; police, civil society and prevention of crime in Bangladesh
- 9. Culture: Pattern of religious beliefs and rituals in Bangladesh; social groups and language; pattern of cultural change: modernization & counter-modernization, revivalism; problems of cultural identity: role of language, religion and ethnicity; globalization of culture: cultural dependency-local culture
- **10. Education:** Structure of education: primary-secondary-higher; education and social structure: differential access to education-class and social mobility-socialization and social control; changing pattern of education: institutional expansion-changes in curriculum-enrollment-dropout; education policy: problems and prospects

- 1. Nazmul Karim, Dynamics of Bangladesh Society.
- 2. A.M. Chowdhury and Fakrul Alam (eds.), *Bangladesh at the Threshold of the Twenty-first Century*, Dhaka: Asiatic Society, 2002
- 3. Anwarullah Chowdhury, *Agrarian Social Relations and Rural Development in Bangladesh*, New Delhi: Oxford/IBH

4. Kamal Siddiqui, Jagatpur, Dhaka: UPL, 2000

5. Ashabur Rahman, Bangladesher Krishi Kathamo, Krishak Samaj 0 Unnayan, Dhaka: UPL, 1986

6. Akbar Ali Khan, Discovery of Bangladesh. Dhaka: UPL 1996

7. বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষনা: হাইকোর্টের ঐতিহাসিক রায়, ২০১০, ঢাকা: সুবর্ণ

8. কামাল সিদ্দিকী : বাংলাদেশের গ্রামীণ দরিদ্র : স্বরূপ ও সমাধান

9. আসাবুর রহমান : বাংলাদেশের কৃষি কাঠামো : কৃষক সমাজ ও উন্নয়ন

10. বদর দ্দীন উমর : বাংলাদেশের রাজনৈতিক সংস্কৃতি
11. হোসেন জিল-ুর রহমান : মাঠ গবেষণা ও গ্রামীন দারিদ্র

12. কাজী তোবারক হোসেন ও

মুহাম্মদ হাসান ইমাম (সম্পাদিত) : বাংলাদেশের গ্রাম

13. অনুপম সেন : বাংলাদেশ : রাষ্ট্র ও সমাজ

14. মাহবুব হোসেন : বাংলাদেশের পল-ী উন্নয়ন : সমস্যা ও সমাধান 15. গাজী সালেহ উদ্দিন : বাংলাদেশের ভূমিসত্ত, ভূমি সংস্কার ও গ্রামীণ উন্নয়ন

16. আবদুল মওদুদ : মধ্যবিত্ত সমাজের ক্রমবিকাশ

17. নীহার রঞ্জন রায় : বাংলার ইতিহাস 18. বিনয় ঘোষ : বাংলার ইতিহাস

19. বিনয় ঘোষ : মেট্রোপলিটন মন, মধ্যবিত্ত বিদ্রোহ

20. কামাল সিদ্দিকী : বাংলাদেশের ভূমি সংস্কারের রাজনৈতিক অর্থনীতি

21. বোরহান উদ্দিন খান জাহাঙ্গীর : গ্রামাঞ্চলে ধনতন্ত্রের বিকাশ

22. আনু মুহাম্মদ : বাংলাদেশের গ্রামীণ সমাজ ও অর্থনীতি

Paper Code	242011	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Social Change	e		Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Concepts and Theories of Social Change: Historical materialism, structural-functionalism, modernization theory, world system theory, structuration theory
- **2.** The Rise of Western Civilization: European institutions as western culture: Christianity and feudalism the renaissance, the reformation and the enlightenment merchant and industrial capitalism
- 3. Development of Nation-State: military organization capitalist industrialization citizenship
- **4.** Colonial Episodes and Western Hegemony: Portuguese and Spanish expansion the slave trade the capitalist world economy European colonies and imposition of western culture.
- **5.** World System since Post- Second World War: Inter- societal system and the first world: post-war reconstruction and new global organizations UN and global military order World Bank transnational corporations —monopoly capitalism
- **6. State Socialism, the Soviet Union and the Second World:** Monolithic planned economy extension of a Second World
- 7. Dependent Economy and the Rise of the Third World: constitutional independence and economic dependence comprador state —development aid neo-colonialism and imperialism; East Asian miracle

- 8. Changes Towards the End of the Twentieth Century: Contemporary western Development: liberal-democratic capitalism rise and fall of USA's hegemony world economic recession and mass unemployment massive protests in Seattle at the time of the World Trade Organization (WTO) meetings in December 1999
- **9. Rise of the East: Japan and East Asian Capitalism:** Collapse of the Soviet State Socialism in 1991: Third Worldization of Russia, globalization of poverty
- 10. Resurgence of Islam in a uni-polar World as an Alternative to Western Capitalism and State Socialism: Islam as a rival to the West Arab nationalism within the context of petrocapitalist world economy Islamic state in Iran since 1979

- 1. Spybey, Tony, Social Change, Development and Dependency: Modernity, Colonialism and the Development of the West, (London, Polity Press), 1992
- 2. Sztompka, Piotr, The Sociology of Social Change (Cambridge, MA: Blackwel 0,1994
- 3. Wallerstein, Imanuel, *The capitalist World Economy*, (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press), 1979
- 4. Eisenstadt, Modernization, Protest and Change, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 1966

Paper Code	242013	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Deviance and Crime			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

- 1. Sociology of Deviance and Crime: Meaning and scope, relationship with criminology
- **2. Deviance and Crime**: Meanings, measurement of crime, incidence and reporting of crime, crime statistics.
- **3. Macro Theories of Deviance and Crime**: Classical criminology, anomie and social structure, Durkheim and Merton, Marxist and radical theories of crime, subculture theory, differential association, labeling theory, social choice theory.
- **4. Types of Crime:** Traditional crime, organized crime, white-collar crime, juvenile delinquency, political crime, cyber crime, crime against women, victimless crime
- **5. Deviant Careers**: Making of the deviant career, crime as a profession, examples of the addict, sex offenders, sociopathic offenders, *mastans*
- **6.** Law and Crime: Nature and varieties of criminal law and its social contexts, regulation and discretion in law enforcement, judicial administration, courts and problems of criminal justice, pattern of criminal trial and sentencing
- 7. Custody and Prison System: Custody and punishment in the prison, social organization of prisons, institutional treatment, behaviour modification, probation and parole, community-based programmes, juvenile delinquency, community participation of criminals, stigma- rehabilitation of criminals
- **8. Prevention of Crime:** Current ideas of crime prevention, successful strategies of crime prevention, social control: role of state, mass media, school and family; social control and prevention of crime

- 1. Dick Hobbs. Professional Criminals, Dartmouth 1995
- 2. R. Reiner and M. Cross (eds.). Beyond Law and Order: Criminal Justice Policies and Politics into the 1990s. London: Macmillan

Paper Code	242015	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Industrial Sociology			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Nature and Scope of Industrial Sociology

- a. Industrial sociology as specialization in Sociology
- b. Relationship with related disciplines

2. Industrialization

- a. The pre-industrial
- b. Industrial revolution
- c. Industrializing and industrial society
- d. Major barriers of industrialization
- e. Social, cultural and psychological preconditions of industrialization
- f. Entrepreneurship development for industrialization

3. The Social Structure of Industry

- a. Status
- b. Role differentiation and distribution
- c. Authority and normative structure
- d. Internationalization of new values and rational work, discipline
- e. Industrial bureaucracy
- f. Industrial interest groups
- g. Labour movement and trade unionism

4. Problems of Industrial Society

- a. Human & social problems of technological change and automation
- b. Problems of unemployment and underemployment
- c. Social pathology and reallocation
- d. Industrial hazards
- e. Alienation and anomie

5. Industrialization in Bangladesh

- a. Historical and analytical perspective
- b. Causes, trends and problems of industrialization in Bangladesh

- c. Comparison with developing and developed countries with different social systems
- d. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in Bangladesh

6. Types of Industries in Bangladesh and Socio-economic Development

- a. Public and private sector co-operation
- b. Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) development
- c. Cottage and small industries of Bangladesh Garments Industris in Bangladesh
- d. Urban and rural industrialization in Bangladesh
- e. Impacts of open market economy
- f. Sick industries

7. Major Trends and Issues in Contemporary Industrial Sociology

a. National and international perspectives

8. Industrial Relations

- a. Major trends, issues and theories of industrial relations
- b. Industrial conflict, industrial democracy and collective bargaining

9. Social Security

- a. Health & medical care in industries
- b. Problems of housing, education and rehabilitation
- c. Environment pollution

Books Recommended:

- 1. Arthar, Shostak and Gombarg, William, Blue Collar World. Studies of the American Worker.
- 2. Blumer, Hober, Works Satisfaction and Industrial Trends in Modern Society
- 3. Hussain, A.F.A. Human and Social Impact of Technological Change in Bangladesh.
- 4. Lipset, S.M. and Bendix, Reinhard, Social Mobility in Industrial Sopciety
- 5. Marx, Karl, Das Capital VOL. 1 and 111
- 6. Reinhard, Bendix, Work and Authority in Industry
- 7. Schumpeter, Capitalism, Socialism, Democracy

Paper Code	242017	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60 hrs.
Paper Title:	Peasant Society			Exam Duration: 4 Hours

1. Definition, Concept and Approaches

- a. Peasant and peasant households
- b. Peasant society, agrarian society and rural society
- c. Peasant society in Bangladesh

2. Theoretical Approaches

Theories: Redfield, Foster, Wolf, Lenin, Chayanov, Shanin

3. Historical Perspective of the Peasant

- a. Primitive society and peasant
- b. Definition and demarcation of peasant in slave, feudal, and capitalist society

4. Social Organization

- a. Peasant family types
- b. Kinship organization
- c. Community
- d. Ritual corporate hood
- e. Caste system

5. Economic System and Institution

- a. Land distribution, land tenure system and inheritance laws
- b. Production Process: farming and non-farming activities
- c. Distribution and market exchanges

6. Structure and Social Stratification

- a. Definition of agrarian structure
- b. Class relations and peasant mobility

7. Politics and Culture

- a. Political process, institution and ideological order
- b. Power structure
- c. Cultural patterns and mobility

8. Poverty in Peasant Society and Peasant Movement in Bangladesh

- a. Nature and changing pattern of poverty
- b. Peasant movements in British colonial era: India, Pakistan and Bangladesh
- c. Poverty alleviation strategies of Bangladesh and politics of poverty

- 1. Chayanov, The Theory of Peasant Economy
- 2. Teodor Shanin, Peasant & Peasant Societies
- 3. Teodor Shanin, The Awkward Class
- 4. E.R. Wolf, Peasants and Peasant Societies
- 5. G. Dalton, Tribal of Peasants Economy
- 6. J.M. Potter and Other, Peasant Societies
- 7. P.M. Back (ed.), Peasants in the Modern World
- 8. William van Schendel, Peasant Mobility: The odds of Life in Rural Bangladesh
- 9. মনির ল ইসলাম খান : বাংলাদেশের কৃষক সমাজ
- 10. আসহাবুর রহমান (সম্পাদনা) : বাংলাদেশের কৃষি প্রশ্ন: তত্ত্ব ও বাস্তবতা

Paper Code	242018	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	
Paper Title:	Viva-voce			